

**HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE STATUS BY SEX BY AGE**  
**Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population**  
**2013 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

**2013**  
**2012**  
**2011**  
**2010**  
**2009**

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	712,248	+/-1,963
Male:	366,864	+/-2,541
Under 6 years:	32,520	+/-1,140
With health insurance coverage	28,795	+/-1,389
No health insurance coverage	3,725	+/-792
6 to 17 years:	64,453	+/-1,770
With health insurance coverage	57,256	+/-1,996
No health insurance coverage	7,197	+/-1,277
18 to 24 years:	41,124	+/-1,698
With health insurance coverage	27,591	+/-2,351
No health insurance coverage	13,533	+/-1,658
25 to 34 years:	53,122	+/-1,828
With health insurance coverage	36,455	+/-2,161
No health insurance coverage	16,667	+/-1,867
35 to 44 years:	44,886	+/-1,749
With health insurance coverage	33,236	+/-2,048
No health insurance coverage	11,650	+/-1,689
45 to 54 years:	50,630	+/-1,328
With health insurance coverage	39,429	+/-1,597
No health insurance coverage	11,201	+/-1,230
55 to 64 years:	47,868	+/-960
With health insurance coverage	39,774	+/-1,297
No health insurance coverage	8,094	+/-944
65 to 74 years:	22,353	+/-942
With health insurance coverage	22,050	+/-917
No health insurance coverage	303	+/-229
75 years and over:	9,908	+/-768
With health insurance coverage	9,872	+/-765
No health insurance coverage	36	+/-36
Female:	345,384	+/-2,157
Under 6 years:	32,990	+/-1,529
With health insurance coverage	29,211	+/-1,636
No health insurance coverage	3,779	+/-1,025
6 to 17 years:	57,922	+/-1,803
With health insurance coverage	50,781	+/-2,248
No health insurance coverage	7,141	+/-1,549
18 to 24 years:	36,049	+/-1,261
With health insurance coverage	26,597	+/-1,545
No health insurance coverage	9,452	+/-1,406
25 to 34 years:	51,378	+/-1,318
With health insurance coverage	39,080	+/-1,803
No health insurance coverage	12,298	+/-1,429
35 to 44 years:	42,352	+/-1,227
With health insurance coverage	32,940	+/-1,790
No health insurance coverage	9,412	+/-1,510
45 to 54 years:	49,128	+/-1,073
With health insurance coverage	39,161	+/-1,506
No health insurance coverage	9,967	+/-1,370
55 to 64 years:	43,239	+/-814
With health insurance coverage	36,068	+/-1,049
No health insurance coverage	7,171	+/-971
65 to 74 years:	20,604	+/-843
With health insurance coverage	20,310	+/-868
No health insurance coverage	294	+/-238
75 years and over:	11,722	+/-617
With health insurance coverage	11,656	+/-635
No health insurance coverage	66	+/-98

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

In data year 2013, there were a series of changes to data collection operations that could have affected some estimates. These changes include the addition of Internet as a mode of data collection, the end of the content portion of Failed Edit Follow-Up interviewing, and the loss of one monthly panel due to the Federal Government shut down in October 2013. For more information, see: [User Notes](#)

While the 2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.